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Hepatic Insufficiency:

In patients with stable chronic liver cirrhosis, no significant changes in ciprofloxacin pharmacokinetics have

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Indications		Daily Dose in mg	Total duration of treatment (potentially including initial parenteral treatment with ciprofloxacin)
Lower respiratory tract Infection			
Upper respiratory tract Infection	Acute exacerbation of chronic sinusitis	500mg to 750mg b.i.d	7 - 14 days
	Chronic suppurative otitis media		
	Malignant external otitis	750mg b.i.d	28 days up to 3 months
Urinary tract infections	Uncomplicated cystitis	250mg to 500mg b.i.d	3 days
		In pre-menopausal women, 500 mg single dose may be used	
	Complicated cystitis, Uncomplicated pyelonephritis	500mg b.i.d	7 days
	Complicated pyelonephritis		at least 10 days, continued for longer than 21 days in abscesses
	Prostatitis	500mg to 750mg b.i.d	2 to 4 weeks (acute) to 4 to 6 weeks (chronic)
Genital tract infections	Gonococcal urethritis and cervicitis	500mg OD	1 day (single dose)
	Epididymo-orchitis and pelvic inflammatory diseases	500mg to 750mg b.i.d	at least 14 days
Infections of the gastro intestinal tract and interactions and interactions	Diarrhoea caused Shigella spp. and empirical treatment of severe travellers' diarrhoea		1 day
	Diarrhoea caused by Shigella dysenteriae type 1	500 mg b.i.d	5 days
	Diarrhoea caused by Vibrio cholerae		3 days
	Typhoid fever		7 days
	Intra-abdominal infections due to Gram-negative bacteria	500 mg to 750 mg b.i.d	5 to 14 days

Infections of the skin and soft tissue		7 - 14 days
Bone and joint infections		max. of 3 months
Neutropenic patients with fever that is suspected to be due to a bacterial infection.	500 mg to 750 mg b.i.d	Therapy should be continued over the
Ciprofloxacin should be co-administered with appropriate antibacterial agent(s) in accordance to official guidance.		entire period of neutropenia
Prophylaxis of invasive infections due to Neisseria meningitidis	500 mg OD	1 day (single dose)
Inhalation anthrax post-exposure prophylaxis and curative treatment	500 mg b.i.d	60 days from the confirmation of Bacillus anthracis exposure

Indications	Daily Dose in mg	Total duration of treatment (potentially including initial parenteral treatment with ciprofloxacin)
Cystic fibrosis	20 mg/kg body weight b.i.d with a maximum of 750 mg per dose.	10 - 14 days
Complicated urinary tract infections and pyelonephritis	10 mg/kg body weight to 20 mg/kg body weight b.i.d with a maximum of 750 mg per dose	10 - 21 days
Inhalation anthrax post-exposure prophylaxis and curative treatment	10 mg/kg body weight to 15 mg/kg body weight b.i.d with a maximum of 500 mg per dose	60 days from the confirmation of Bacillus anthracis exposure
Other severe infections	20 mg/kg body weight b.i.d with a maximum of 750 mg per dose.	According to the type of infections

Renal Impaired Patients:

The recommended starting and maintenance doses for patients with impaired renal function is given below:					
Creatinine Clearance [mL/min/1.73 m²]	Serum Creatinine [µmol/L]	Oral Dose [mg]			
30 - 60	124 to 168	250-500 mg every 12 h			
< 30	> 169	250-500 mg every 24 h			
Patients on haemodialysis & Patients on peritoneal dialysis	> 169	250-500 mg every 24 h (after dialysis)			
	> 169	250-500 mg every 24 h			

Coaling in delations with impaired renal and/or hepatic function has not been studied.

COMPRAMIDICATIONS:
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Comprehensive in contraindicated in patients with a history of hypersensitivity to oprofloxacini, any member of the quincione class of antimicrobial agents or any of the product components
Comprehensive in comprehensive comprehensive contraindicated

Discontinued WFT If;
Experiences pair, inflammation or rupture of a tendon insertion and contraindicated.

Discontinued VFT if:

- to avoid crystalluria patients receiving ciprofloxacin should be well hydrated - to avoid photosenshithly reactions. Patients talking oprofloxacin should avoid direct exposure to avoid photosenshithly reactions. Patients talking oprofloxacin should avoid direct exposure to avoid profloxacin should not be used during pregnancy.

Nursing Mothers:

Original should not be used during pregnancy.

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